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of comparable properties.

- 88 (6) The county board of equalization may make and enforce any rule which is 89 consistent with statute or commission rule, and necessary for the government of the board, the 90 preservation of order, and the transaction of business. 91 Section 2. Section **59-2-1004** is amended to read: 92 59-2-1004. Appeal to county board of equalization -- Real property -- Time period for appeal -- Decision of board -- Extensions approved by commission -- Appeal to 93 94 commission. 95 (1) (a) A taxpayer dissatisfied with the valuation or the equalization of the taxpayer's 96 real property may make an application to appeal by: 97 (i) filing the application with the county board of equalization within the time period 98 described in Subsection (2); or 99 (ii) making an application by telephone or other electronic means within the time period described in Subsection (2) if the county legislative body passes a resolution under 100 Subsection $\$ \rightarrow [(5)]$ (7) $\leftarrow \$$ authorizing applications to be made by telephone or other electronic 101 101a means. 102 (b) The contents of the application shall be prescribed by rule of the county board of 103 equalization. 104 (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), for purposes of Subsection (1), a 105 taxpayer shall make an application to appeal the valuation or the equalization of the taxpayer's 106 real property on or before the later of: 107 (i) September 15 of the current calendar year; or 108 (ii) the last day of a 45-day period beginning on the day on which the county auditor 109 mails the notice under Section 59-2-919.1. 110 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules providing for circumstances 111 112 under which the county board of equalization is required to accept an application to appeal that 113 is filed after the time period prescribed in Subsection (2)(a). 114 (3) The owner shall include in the application under Subsection (1)(a)(i) the owner's 115 estimate of the fair market value of the property and any evidence which may indicate that the
 - (4) In reviewing evidence submitted to a county board of equalization by or on behalf

assessed valuation of the owner's property is improperly equalized with the assessed valuation

181	(b) if submitted, the sales price of relevant property that was under contract for sale as
182	of the lien date but sold after the lien date;
183	(c) if submitted, the sales offering price of property that was offered for sale as of the
184	lien date but did not sell, including considering and weighing the amount of time for which and
185	manner in which the property was offered for sale; and
186	(d) if submitted, other evidence that is relevant to determining the fair market value of
187	the property.
188	[4) In reviewing the county board's decision, the commission shall adjust property
189	valuations to reflect a value equalized with the assessed value of other comparable properties
190	if:
191	(a) the issue of equalization of property values is raised; and
192	(b) the commission determines that the property that is the subject of the appeal
193	deviates in value plus or minus 5% from the assessed value of comparable properties.
194	[(5)] (6) The commission shall decide all appeals taken pursuant to this section not
195	later than March 1 of the following year for real property and within 90 days for personal
196	property, and shall report its decision, order, or assessment to the county auditor, who shall
197	make all changes necessary to comply with the decision, order, or assessment.
198	Section 4. Section 59-2-1017 is enacted to read:
199	59-2-1017. Property tax appeal assistance.
200	(1) As used in this section:
201	(a) "Licensed appraiser" means an appraiser licensed in accordance with Title 61,
202	Chapter 2g, Real Estate Appraiser Licensing and Certification Act.
203	(b) "Opinion of value" means an estimate of fair market value that $\hat{S} \rightarrow [is] \leftarrow \hat{S}$:
204	(i) $\hat{S} \rightarrow is \leftarrow \hat{S}$ made by a licensed appraiser; and
205	(ii) complies with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice
206	promulgated by the Appraisal Standards Board as described in 12 U.S.C. Sec. 3339.
207	(c) "Present evidence" means to present information:
208	(i) to a county board of equalization or the commission; and
209	(ii) related to a property tax appeal made in accordance with this part.
210	(d) "Price estimate" means an estimate:
211	(i) of the price that property would sell for; and